Class – IX

Subject - Mathematics

Q1. State whether the following statements are true or False

- (a) There are infinitely many integers between any two integers.
- (b) Irrational numbers are those numbers which cannot be written in the form of p/q, q≠0, p, q both are integers.
- (c) $\frac{\sqrt{18}}{\sqrt{2}}$ is not a rational number as $\sqrt{18}$ and $\sqrt{2}$ are irrational.

Q 2. Find the value of each of the following:

(a)
$$625^{-3/4}$$
 (b) $15\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{216}$ (c) $\frac{\sqrt{162}}{\sqrt{2}}$ (d) $\frac{1+\sqrt{2}}{1-\sqrt{2}}$

Q 3. Simplify the following expression

(a)
$$\frac{1}{1-\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{3}}$$
 (b) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}-\sqrt{2}}$ (c) $\frac{5+\sqrt{2}}{5-\sqrt{2}} + \frac{5-\sqrt{2}}{5+\sqrt{2}}$

Q 4. Find the value of a and b such that $\frac{5+\sqrt{3}}{7+2\sqrt{3}} = a-b\sqrt{3}$

Q 5. If p = 1+ $\sqrt{3}$, then find the value of $p^2 + \frac{1}{p^2}$

Q 6. Represent the following numbers on number line

(a) √20 (b) √5.2

Q 7. Give an example each of two irrational numbers, whose

- (a) Difference is a rational number
- (b) Difference is an irrational number
- (c) Product is a rational number
 - (d) Quotient is an irrational number

Q 8. Without actual division decide which of the following rational numbers have terminating decimal representation

(a)
$$\frac{33}{375}$$
 (b) $\frac{15}{28}$ (c) $\frac{16}{45}$ (d) $\frac{123}{1250}$

Q 9. Insert 6 rational numbers between $\frac{-2}{3}$ and $\frac{3}{4}$

Q 10. Find two irrational numbers between $\sqrt{3}$ and 2.

Q 11. Visualize 2.8765 on the number line, using successive magnification.

Q 12. Express the following numbers in the $\frac{p}{q}$ form

(a) $0.2\overline{35}$ (b) $0.\overline{3}$ (c) $2.3\overline{49}$ (d) $0.\overline{123}$ (e) $0.\overline{12}$ (f) $2.8\overline{768}$

Q 13. Write a trinomial of degree 135.

Q 14. Write degree of the following polynomials

(a) 4x-2 (b) $44x^4+5x+7$ (c) $125z^{35}-100$

Q 15. Find the coefficient of x^2 in the polynomial $5x^3 - 6x^2 + 9x - 5$

Q 16. The degree of 4- $4\gamma^8$ is ------.

Q 17. The degree of 3 is -----.

Q 19. The zero of P(x) = 2x-7 is-----.

Q 20. On dividing $x^3 + 3x^2 + 3x + 1$ by x we get remainder------.

Q 21. On dividing $x^3 + 3x^2 + 3x + 1$ by 5+2x we get remainder------

Q 23. If x-2 is a factor of x^3 -3x+5a then find the value of a.

Q 25. Factorise the followings

- (a) $3x^2 x 4$
- (b) $12x^2 7x + 1$
- (c) $6x^2 + 5x 6$
- (d) $x^3 2x^2 x + 2$
- (e) $x^{3}+1$

Q26. The number of the zeroes of the polynomial $5x^3 - 6x^2 + 9x - 5$ is------.

Q 27. If (x+2) and (x-2) are the factors of $ax^4+2x-3x^2+bx-4$, then find the value of a+b.

Q 28. State and prove Remainder theorem.

Q 29. State and prove Factor theorem.

Q 30. If the polynomial az^3+4z^2+3z-4 and z^3-4z+a leave the same remainder when divided by z-3, Find the value of a.

Revise chapter 1 and 2 and also do in notebook.